

Recitation Week 6 **KEY**

2/20/13

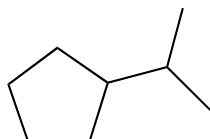
1. Draw the molecules with these names:

(c) 1-octen-7-yne

(d) *cis*-3-hexene(e) *trans*-3-hexene

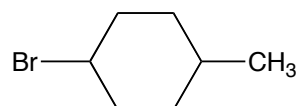
2. Name these molecules

(a)



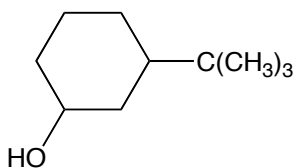
**isopropylcyclopentane
or (1-methylethyl)cyclopentane**

(b)



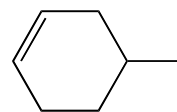
1-bromo-4-methylcyclohexane

(c)



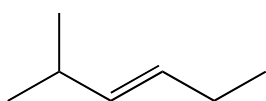
**3-tert-butylcyclohexanol
or 3-(1,1-dimethylethyl)cyclohexanol**

(d)



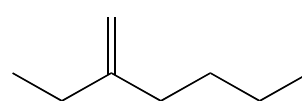
4-methylcyclohexene

(e)



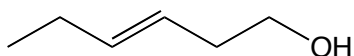
2-methyl-3-hexene

(f)



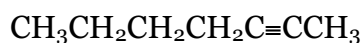
2-ethyl-1-hexene

(g)



3-hexen-1-ol

(h)



2-heptyne

3. How many degrees of unsaturation would a molecule with each of these formulas have? Draw or name an example of a compound with each formula.

(a) C_6H_{12} (b) C_4H_6 (c) $\text{C}_{10}\text{H}_{22}$

1, e.g. hexene, cyclohexane 2, e.g. butyne, butadiene 0, decane

(d) $\text{C}_4\text{H}_8\text{O}$ (e) $\text{C}_5\text{H}_8\text{Cl}_2$

1, cyclobutanol, an aldehyde or ketone 1, e.g. dichlorocyclopentane

4. The following compounds have been named incorrectly. Draw each molecule, and then give its correct IUPAC name.

(a) 4-bromo-3-pentanol

2-bromo-3-pentanol

(b) 5-methylcyclohexanol

3-methylcyclohexanol

(c) 2-ethylpentane

3-methylhexane

(d) 2-methyl-2-penten-4-ol

4-methyl-3-penten-2-ol

(e) 5-(2,2-dimethylethyl)decane

5-(2-methylpropyl)decane, or 5-isobutyldecane (common name)

5. Draw Newman projections looking down the C_2-C_3 bond showing the most stable conformations of each of the following:

(a) propane

(b) butane

(c) pentane

(d) 2-methylbutane