I. Put your full name on the answer sheet NOW- using a #2 pencil and blackening in the appropriate circles. Blacken your identity bubbles, but leave course and section areas blank. **Fully erase changed answers!**

II. Read each question carefully and pick the best of all answers.

III. Any part of a true/false question which is false makes the entire question false.

IV. Budget your time. You may use your notes, so save the difficult questions for the end.

V. **GOOD LUCK!**

Questions 1-3 are from the project DATE panel.

1. The self labeled lesbian on the panel said that she would never want to have kids.
   - A) True
   - B) False

2. One of the panelists said no matter how one identifies, you should always disclose to your family first.
   - A) True
   - B) False

3. During the DATE presentation, one class member announced he was confused. A panelist responded that being confused was a good thing because life itself is complex, grey and ambiguous.
   - A) True
   - B) False

Questions 4 & 5 are from Robert's bondage talk.

4. Robert, always a top (or sadist), says he experiences a heightened awareness through violent sex.
   - A) True
   - B) False

5. Robert said that consent was more important than trust during bondage sessions.
   - A) True
   - B) False

6. As discussed in class, "Potentiation" is when we reach our sexual potentials early and then they come into conflict with our religious training.
   - A) True
   - B) False
Questions 7-12 are from the erotic stories assigned.

7. In which erotic story does the author say, "much love and luck to anyone growing up queer in a small town."
   A) Golden Boy
   B) 93 Million miles away
   C) Vox
   D) The Flood
   E) None of the above

8. In "The Flood" while Austyn has shattering sex with Biennale, he takes no pleasure in sex. For him it is all about power.
   A) True
   B) False

9. "The Flood" narratively describes how our personal sexual lives can dramatically alter our job/vocational interests and vice versa.
   A) True
   B) False

10. Which story highlights that things look different from different angles, in different lights, and everything is hinged on where you happen to be standing and who can see you?
    A) Horny
    B) The Flood
    C) 93 Million Miles Away
    D) Golden Boy
    E) None of the above

11. In the story "Horny", the main character comes to realize that only by being more religious can he stop seeing sexual acts everywhere.
    A) True
    B) False

12. In which story does a character joyously say, "I couldn't believe I was being paid to masturbate?"
    A) Horny
    B) The Flood
    C) Vox
    D) Golden Boy
    E) None of the above

Questions 13-16 are from the movie The Secretary.

13. The character Lee (The Secretary) was the submissive partner, which means she had no way to control the lawyer.
    A) True
    B) False
14. Which of the following were NOT shown in The Secretary movie?
   A) Lee running away in a wedding dress.
   B) Lee trying to relax in a swimming pool.
   C) Lee burning herself with a cross.
   D) Lee sexually smiling in the bathroom at work.
   E) All of the above were shown in the movie.

15. Which of the following is NOT in The Secretary?
   A) The secretary masturbating twice.
   B) The lawyer masturbating.
   C) The secretary stripping in the lawyer's car.
   D) The secretary wearing a saddle with a carrot in her mouth.
   E) The secretary/wife deliberately putting a bug on the lawyer's bed.

16. After Lee and the lawyer have had several spanking sessions, Lee even tries to spank herself. This is not satisfying because:
   A) She is really afraid of hurting herself.
   B) She does not know how and where to hit.
   C) The power play between partners is lost when she spans herself.
   D) A and C.
   E) A and B.

Questions 17-23 are from Different Sexual Worlds.

17. Libby Williams never suffered physical abuse from her husband.
   A) True
   B) False

18. Libby Williams eventually had a fabulous sexual awakening.
   A) True
   B) False

19. Which of the following were NOT issues for Terry Grant?
   A) Feeling like a prostitute.
   B) Abuse of drugs.
   C) Failure as a musician.
   D) Power abuses around sex.
   E) All of the above were issues for Terry.

20. Which subject described putting a train on a woman, an act where ten or twelve men take sexual turns with a woman?
   A) Libby Williams
   B) Stan Fitzgerald
   C) Terry Grant
   D) None of the above

21. Stan Fitzgerald initially wanted to marry Connie, but later when she was willing he was no longer interested.
   A) True
   B) False
22. As Tori Montgomery mentioned a blue circle is used as a sign of solidarity within the lesbian community.
   A) True
   B) False

23. Tori Montgomery’s mom cried hard when Tori told her she was gay.
   A) True
   B) False

**Questions 24-28 are from the film Normal or class discussions of that movie.**

24. Your professor believes that gender does not influence many common place activities like carving a turkey.
   A) True
   B) False

25. In spite of many complex complications, the transsexual in “Normal” remained determined to switch sex.
   A) True
   B) False

26. The person who never supported the transsexual’s change was:
   A) The Grandmother
   B) The Wife
   C) The Daughter
   D) The Son
   E) The Priest

27. According to your professor, corny music in the film helped to highlight emerging gender contradictions.
   A) True
   B) False

28. Your professor believes that showing the movie “Normal” is much more vivid than his own lecture on gender variations.
   A) True
   B) False

**Questions 29-31 are based on the Sluts and Goddesses video.**

29. Which of the following was not shown in the Sluts and Goddesses Video?
   A) A 5 minute orgasm
   B) Hints on how to pick up a slut or a goddess
   C) Chinese sword dancing
   D) Female ejaculation
   E) All of the above were shown
30. According to your professor, the *Sluts and Goddesses* video is Annie Sprinkle’s effort to show us a wide variety of sexual activities in a playful and humorous mode. Because it is so playful, little factual or safe sex information is presented.
   A) True
   B) False

31. Annie Sprinkle said the single most important technique she had discovered for heightened sexual pleasure was:
   A) Using a variety of sex toys
   B) A willingness to experiment with S&M
   C) Good costumes
   D) Deep breathing
   E) Producing your own erotic video

32. As discussed in class, less educated Americans are more likely to try and enjoy sex toys.
   A) True
   B) False

**Questions 33-36 are from the film *Short Bus*.**

33. This film showed that it is important for a sex club to limit and exclude highly variant sexualities so that normal people are not offended.
   A) True
   B) False

34. The film showed how sexual orientation determines who can effectively communicate with one another.
   A) True
   B) False

35. Sexually explicit videos, like *Short Bus*, are alike in that they all have to find a focus group to sexually arouse.
   A) True
   B) False

36. In *Short Bus*, the issue of emotional intimacy cuts across the highly varied lives portrayed in this film.
   A) True
   B) False

37. Which of the following was a finding of the NHSLS?
   A) Men prefer solitary sex to shared sexual activities.
   B) Men think about sex more often than women.
   C) Most women think about sex every day.
   D) Women seek out activities associated with arousal more often than men.

38. According to the NHSLS, the major reason adults masturbate is to
   A) avoid sexual activity with a partner.
   B) avoid the possibility of STD infection.
   C) relieve sexual tension.
   D) substitute for not having a sexual partner
39. Max usually fantasizes during masturbation. Most likely he fantasizes about
   A) incestuous sexual activity.
   B) sexual activity with animals.
   C) sexual activity with someone he cares about.
   D) violent, forceful sexual activity.

40. Which of the following is NOT a myth associated with masturbation?
   A) Excessive masturbation can reduce interest in shared sexual activity.
   B) Masturbation can be a shared sexual activity.
   C) Masturbation is essentially a substitute for partnered sexual activity.
   D) Masturbation is not as physically satisfying as shared sexual activity.

41. Which of the following is NOT a typical erogenous zone?
   A) The anal-perineal area
   B) The earlobes
   C) The inner thighs
   D) The thumbs

42. Which of the following is NOT a type of oral sex?
   A) Cantharides
   B) Cunnilingus
   C) Fellatio
   D) "Sixty-nine"

43. According to the NHLS, oral sex was performed during their most recent sexual experience by
   A) about half of the men.
   B) less than a third of the men.
   C) most men.
   D) most women.

44. As discussed in class and in the NHLS study, sex toys had been engaged by most people sometime in their life.
   A) True
   B) False

45. Dolores suggests that she and her husband use a vibrator during their sexual activities. This indicates that Dolores:
   A) is dissatisfied with her husband as a sexual partner.
   B) is likely to pursue extramarital affairs.
   C) is similar to other women willing to try sex toys
   D) may have unexpressed interests in same-gender sexual behavior.

46. As discussed in class, when aphrodisiacs work, it is probably because
   A) activity in the cerebral cortex increases.
   B) sexual response is basically a chemical response.
   C) they cause constriction of the genital blood vessels.
   D) users believe in their effectiveness.

47. The most common position used for intercourse is
   A) side by side.
   B) face to face.
   C) rear vaginal entry.
   D) standing.
48. Cindy and Sean are experimenting with different coital positions. They particularly enjoy positions in which Cindy can control her level of coital movement. They would probably like which of the following positions?
   A) Both partners standing
   B) Rear vaginal entry
   C) Woman on the edge of a bed or chair
   D) Woman on top, man laying down

49. Why was the Kinsey Scale of Sexual Behavior considered so important?
   A) It considered the ethnic and cultural context of same-gender sexual expression.
   B) It delineated bisexuality as a clear-cut category.
   C) It described sexual expression as a continuum.
   D) It emphasized the romantic and affectional aspects of same-gender relationships.

50. Agnes describes herself as lesbian, even though she has never been sexual with either a man or a woman. Such self-identification
   A) illustrates the subtleties involved in classifying individuals by their sexual orientation.
   B) implies that Kinsey's Scale should contain negative numbers to accommodate individuals who are not sexually active.
   C) indicates a personality disorder and perhaps mental illness.
   D) suggests that all people shift their sexual orientation during their lifetime.

51. Which of the following statements most accurately reflects the conclusions of the researchers who conducted the National Health and Social Life Survey (NHSLS) regarding sexual orientation?
   A) A 10-point scale of classification for sexual orientation would be more helpful than a 6-point scale.
   B) About 10 percent of adult men and 5 percent of women are exclusively gay or lesbian.
   C) Many individuals who identify themselves as gay or lesbian live in rural areas.
   D) Sexual orientation is a multidimensional concept and cannot be described by a single number.

52. A somewhat intriguing finding regarding same-gender orientation is that it is more common among individuals who grew up in
   A) rural settings.
   B) suburbia.
   C) urban centers.
   D) West Coast areas

53. The term homophobia refers to
   A) irrational fears and strong negative attitudes toward gays and lesbians.
   B) laws that discriminate against individuals with a same-gender orientation.
   C) people who are reluctant to identify themselves as gay, lesbian, or bisexual.
   D) traditions such as that of the berdache.

54. Around 400 C.E., ________________ began to introduce a new sexual code that focused on maintaining purity and equated some sexual behaviors with the fallen state of the human soul.
   A) Buddhism
   B) Christianity
   C) Islam
   D) Judaism
55. Most social scientists now view same-gender sexual orientation as a
A) normal, mature developmental state.
B) physiologically based illness that can be corrected by psychoanalysis.
C) result of sexual abuse by a trusted same-gender adult.
D) socialization caused by an overprotective mother or a hostile father.

56. What was the overall purpose of the classic Bell, Weinberg, and Hammersmith study?
A) To determine the types of parental relationships associated with different sexual orientations
B) To examine the genetic and physiological bases of sexual orientation
C) To identify the differences in the childhood development of gay men and lesbians
D) To identify the possible causes of same-gender sexual orientation

57. Which of the following was NOT a finding of the classic Bell, Weinberg, and Hammersmith study?
A) Both lesbians and gay men tend to have a history of heterosexual experiences, but they evaluate these as unsatisfying.
B) Patterns of parental identification appear to be irrelevant to the development of sexual orientation.
C) Sexual orientation seems heavily related to the quality of one's relationship with one's father rather than with one's mother.
D) Sexual orientation seems to be determined before adolescence, regardless of any overt sexual activity.

58. Whether a sexual activity should be considered a problem may depend at least in part on
A) cultural values.
B) social judgments.
C) the participants' reactions.
D) All of these

59. Which statement most accurately reflects the concept of total sexual outlet?
A) All people experience the same degree of sexual tension and energy.
B) Almost all human activities involve the outward expression of sexual energy.
C) If one avenue of sexual expression is blocked, another will be used.
D) The only way for sexual tension to be released is through orgasm from shared sex.

60. As discussed in class, how does a person form a preference for a particular sexual act or way of becoming sexually aroused?
A) This comes about through observation of parents and peers.
B) This is based on that person's individual anatomy.
C) This is determined mainly by genetic factors.
D) This is unknown at present.

61. Now when a particular sexual activity is considered atypical or outside mainstream sexual behavior, it is referred to as
A) abnormal.
B) dysfunctional.
C) perverse.
D) variant.
62. Kevin feels guilty about his masturbatory activities. He has intercourse with his fiancée only when she insists, and he prefers to get this task over with as quickly as possible. He leaves contraception up to her and doesn't want to talk about it. Kevin may be described as
   A) erotophobic.
   B) paraphilic.
   C) satyriac.
   D) variant.
   E) un-American

63. Why does your professor advocate getting rid of the term nymphomania?
   A) The term hypososexuality is more descriptive of the condition.
   B) It is vague, has been misused, and has sexist overtones.
   C) The term erotophobic is much more accurate.
   D) It has been confused with satyriasis and erotomania.

64. Comparisons of sexual behavior show that men in general are more likely than women to engage in atypical sexual activities.
   A) True
   B) False

65. Cross-dressing behavior typically begins during
   A) adolescence.
   B) childhood.
   C) middle age.
   D) young adulthood.

66. Maurice maintains a second apartment and a part-time job in which he functions as a woman named Yvette. Over time he gradually closes down his identity as Maurice and lives more and more as Yvette. This scenario describes a case of
   A) erotophobia.
   B) same-gender sexual orientation.
   C) simple transvestitism.
   D) transgenderism.

67. Many transsexuals question the assumption that their needs and wishes
   A) are based on chromosomal disorders.
   B) can be fulfilled with sex reassignment.
   C) represent forms of variant sexuality.
   D) require psychological treatment.

68. Vibrators can be effective aids for
   A) men who cannot fantasize.
   B) men who ejaculate prematurely.
   C) women who are close to menopause.
   D) women with orgasmic difficulties.

69. The most prevalent theme for the sexual fantasies of both women and men is
   A) engaging in same-gender sexual activities.
   B) forced or forceful sexual contact.
   C) having sexual contact with animals or children.
   D) intimate activities such as passionate kissing or mutual masturbation.
70. According to recent research, individuals who have more sexual fantasies tend to
A) be hypersexual and carry on more than one sexual relationship at a time.
B) be very shy and withdrawn in relating to others.
C) be relatively happy with their sexual lives and have high rates of sexual activity.
D) have few real romantic or sexual relationships.

End of Test. Have a great summer!